



TIẾNG ANH 10

ÔN TẬP NGỮ PHÁP GIỮA HỌC KỲ 1

A. NGỮ PHÁP TRỌNG TÂM

I. CHUYỂN ĐỔI HIỆN TẠI HOÀN THÀNH <-> QUÁ KHỨ ĐƠN

Rewrite the sentences. Change the present perfect into the past simple perfect or vice versa

- 1 I have never visited Ha Long Bay before.
→ This is _____.
- 2 How long is it since you last visited your grandpa?
→ When _____.
- 3 Linda hasn't met Tom since November.
→ The last time _____.
- 4 Sarah started to work at the post office two years ago.
→ Sarah has _____.
- 5 It's years since the professor last gave a lecture.
→ The professor _____.
- 6 I last met George when I was in Mac Dinh Chi high school.
→ I have _____.
- 7 The last time I went swimming was when we were in Spain.
→ I haven't _____.
- 8 It's 5 years since that education system was founded.
→ That education system _____.
- 9 When did it start raining?
→ How long _____.
- 10 She hasn't gone abroad with her boyfriend since they broke up.
→ She last _____.

II. WH-QUESTIONS

Các bước đặt câu hỏi

Bước 1: Xác định từ để hỏi thông qua từ bị gạch chân

Bước 2: Xác định dạng câu hỏi





CÔNG PHÁP NGỮ PHÁP - BỨT PHÁ ĐIỂM 10

NQH CẤP 3
TRUNG TÂM LUYỆN THI



+ **Động từ thường:** mượn _____ và đảo _____ lên trước chủ ngữ và sau từ để hỏi.

Wh-question:

Yes/No question:

e.g. They will go shopping next Friday.

→ _____

+ **Động từ tobe & modal verbs:** chỉ cần đảo _____ & _____ lên trước chủ ngữ và sau từ để hỏi:

Wh-question:

Yes/No question:

e.g. She **is** planting trees now.

→ _____

Lưu ý:

1. Khi chuyển sang câu hỏi ta phải đổi tương ứng như sau:

- I, We → You
- me, us => you
- mine, ours => yours
- my, our => your
- some => any

2. Khi what/who/which/whose là _____ thì chúng ta có công thức:

What/Who/Which/Whose + V?

e.g. **What** fell off the wall?

Which horse won?

Who bought this?

Whose phone rang?

Make questions for the underlined words/ phrases

1 The Browns are planting trees in the garden.

→ _____.



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A JOURNEY OF A THOUSAND MILES BEGINS



WITH A SINGLE STEP .





- 2 He travelled to Nha Trang by taxi.
→ _____.
- 3 She went to the doctor because she had a backache.
→ _____.
- 4 The students are preparing for their English test at the moment.
→ _____.
- 5 We had an English class in NQH center on Sunday.
→ _____.
- 6 It's about 1,500 km from Hue to Ho Chi Minh City.
→ _____.
- 7 Nam's school finishes at 5 o'clock in the evening.
→ _____.
- 8 I go to the library twice a week.
→ _____.
- 9 It takes Jane forty-five minutes to finish the test.
→ _____.
- 10 Grace has listened to three Lady Gaga CDs.
→ _____.

III. ADJECTIVES WITH -ED/ -ING

- ADJ-ed: diễn tả _____
- ADJ-ing: diễn tả _____

ADJECTIVES WITH -ING	ADJECTIVES WITH -ED
S + be + ADJ-ing	S-người + be / get + ADJ-ed+ (giới từ) ...
e.g.1 . The performance last night was very amazing .	e.g.1 . I'm interested in football.
e.g.2 . The fascinating girl over there is the daughter of my Chemistry teacher.	e.g.2 . She often gets annoyed when having to go to school.





S + find + O (sb/ sth) + ADJ-ing	S + make + O (sb) + ADJ-ed
e.g.1. I find this book really interesting .	e.g.1. He passed the exam and this made me shocked .
e.g.2. I found it challenging to get married.	e.g.2. My parents made my younger brother surprised secretly by inviting his crush to his birthday party.

*Một số ADJ-ED/_ING giới từ hay gặp

ADJ-ING	ADJ-ED + PREP	MEANING
amazing	amazed + _____ / _____	kinh ngạc
amusing	amused + _____ / _____	buồn cười
annoying	annoyed + _____ / _____ (thing) + _____ (person)	bực mình
boring	bored + _____ / _____	chán
confusing	confused + _____	bối rối
depressing	depressed + _____	chán nản, thất vọng
disappointing	disappointed + _____ / _____ (thing) + _____ / _____ (thing / person)	thất vọng
disgusting	disgusted + _____ / _____ / _____	kinh tởm
embarrassing	embarrassed + _____ / _____	xấu hổ
exciting	excited + _____	phấn khích, hào hứng
exhausting	exhausted + _____ / _____	kiệt sức
frightening	frightened + _____ / _____	sợ
surprising	surprised + _____ / _____	ngạc nhiên

I Complete the sentences using the correct form of the words in brackets.

- The evil face makes the baby _____. **FRIGHTEN**
- The most _____ memory in my mind is falling down the mountain. **HORRIFY**
- I've had a very _____ day. It's my birthday today. **EXCITE**





- 4 The man finds the movie "Bong dung trung so" _____ . **AMUSE**
- 5 It was _____ that Jane couldn't come to the party. Her boss made her work overtime. **DISAPPOINT**
- 6 She is often _____ when returning home. **ANNOY**
- 7 The most _____ memory in my mind was an accident. **TERRIFY**
- 8 Your appearance made me _____ last night. **SURPRISE**
- 9 He's such a _____ guy. He only ever talks about himself. **BORE**
- 10 She kept talking about her boyfriend problems all night. It was rather _____ . **EMBARRASS**

II Choose the correct answer:

- 1 "Do you think Mary will take the job you offered her?"
"I don't know. She seemed _____ in it, however."
A interest **B** interesting **C** interested **D** interestingly
- 2 The students all went to the circus yesterday. I heard it was really _____ .
A amused **B** amuse **C** amusing **D** amusingly
- 3 How _____ we are to hear that you got the scholarship! Thank you. It was really surprise.
A pleasing **B** pleased **C** pleasingly **D** please
- 4 How does Jane like her new car? She's _____ with it.
A delighted **B** delighting **C** delight **D** delightful
- 5 "I think the way Jessica behaved was quite _____" - "Yes, I think so."
A shock **B** shocked **C** shocking **D** shockingly

III Find and correct the mistakes

- 1 Everybody **is surprising** that his younger brother **passed** the TOEIC test **the last day**.
A is **B** surprising **C** passed **D** the last day
- 2 Many meetings **aren't** so **interestingly as** this one **was**.
A aren't **B** interestingly **C** as **D** was
- 3 **The students** all **went** to the circus yesterday. I **heard** it was really **amused**.
A The students **B** went **C** heard **D** amused
- 4 **What a terrible** football game! I thought **it** was **delighted**.





A What **B** a **C** it **D** delighted

5 **Ghosts make** me **scaring of** death.

A Ghosts **B** make **C** scaring **D** of

IV Rewrite the sentences:

- The film was boring, so we went home early. **(BORED)**
→ _____.
- This funny film was entertaining my family. **(ENTERTAINED)**
→ _____.
- It was surprising that Mary won the prize. **(SURPRISED)**
→ Everyone _____.
- I was excited about that football match yesterday. **(EXCITING)**
→ _____.
- Steve was so fascinated by the book that he finished it in one evening. **(FASCINATING)**
→ _____.

IV. IT'S (HIGH/ABOUT) TIME

Cấu trúc tổng quát

- It's (high/about) time +
- It's (high/about) time +

- We should go home and do the homework now.
→ It's high time _____.
- I think you should return that book to the library.
→ It's high time _____.
- Let's buy the books we have always wanted, now that we have money.
→ It's high time _____.
- You should tell your parents about that.
→ It's high time _____.
- I think you should apologize to him for your mistake.
→ It's high time _____.





V. PHÁT ÂM -S/ES và -ED

Bài tập -S/ES

- | | | | | |
|----|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|
| 6 | A. cough <u>s</u> | B. stop <u>s</u> | C. sing <u>s</u> | D. sleep <u>s</u> |
| 7 | A. say <u>s</u> | B. book <u>s</u> | C. surviv <u>e</u> s | D. attend <u>s</u> |
| 8 | A. dish <u>es</u> | B. orange <u>s</u> | C. experienc <u>e</u> s | D. song <u>s</u> |
| 9 | A. cat <u>s</u> | B. biscuit <u>s</u> | C. pen <u>s</u> | D. book <u>s</u> |
| 10 | A. box <u>es</u> | B. name <u>s</u> | C. plac <u>e</u> s | D. hous <u>e</u> s |

Bài tập -ED

- | | | | | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| 1 | A. dream <u>ed</u> | B. deny <u>ed</u> | C. admir <u>ed</u> | D. learn <u>ed</u> |
| 2 | A. stop <u>ped</u> | B. want <u>ed</u> | C. belov <u>ed</u> | D. mend <u>ed</u> |
| 3 | A. talk <u>ed</u> | B. laugh <u>ed</u> | C. liv <u>ed</u> | D. smok <u>ed</u> |
| 4 | A. miss <u>ed</u> | B. nak <u>ed</u> | C. ask <u>ed</u> | D. tip <u>ped</u> |
| 5 | A. allow <u>ed</u> | B. stay <u>ed</u> | C. dogg <u>ed</u> | D. believ <u>ed</u> |

VI. VERB TENSE/Form

Use the correct tense or form of the verbs

- It's 7 o'clock, and my parents _____ (**cook**) dinner in the kitchen.
- Hannah _____ (**not study**) French in the library. She's at home with her classmates.
- She normally _____ (**live**) in Northbridge but she _____ (**stay**) with her friends now.
- Somebody _____ (**climb**) up the tree over there.
- I'm afraid I _____ (**not/ be**) able to come tomorrow.
- John _____ (**always, come**) to class late, which annoys his teacher.
- A: "Go and tidy your room."
B: "Okay. I _____ (**do**) it now!"





- 8 Sarah often goes to school by car, but today she _____ (**walk**) to school.
- 9 In my opinion, she _____ (**not/ pass**) the exam.
- 10 Look at the sky! It _____ (**rain**) very heavily!
- 11 The plane _____ (**arrive**) at 10:15 tomorrow morning.
- 12 According to the weather forecast, it _____ (**not/ snow**) tomorrow.
- 13 "I haven't got my bag." – "That's OK I _____ (**lend**) you mine"
- 14 It's Lisa's birthday next month, so we _____ (**buy**) her some flowers.
- 15 Will you lend me 15\$? I promise I _____ (**give**) it back to you tomorrow.
- 16 We _____ (**have**) a party tomorrow. It's all planned, so I hope it won't be stormy.
- 17 I _____ (**not, like**) that film. It's very boring. Let's choose another one.
- 18 Look! The coach _____ (**come**)! Run or we _____ (**miss**) it.
- 19 NQH teachers are used to _____ (**prepare**) new lessons.
- 20 By _____ (**work**) day and night, he succeeded in _____ (**get**) the job in time.
- 21 Don't try _____ (**persuade**) me. Nothing can make me _____ (**change**) my mind.
- 22 The children prefer _____ (**watch**) TV to _____ (**read**) books.
- 23 The question is easy _____ (**answer**).
- 24 The man asked me how _____ (**get**) the to the airport.
- 25 I am looking forward to _____ (**see**) you at the weekend.
- 26 His doctor advised him _____ (**give**) up _____ (**smoke**).





27 Please stop _____ (**talk**). We will stop _____ (**eat**) lunch in 10 minutes.

28 Ask him _____ in (**come**). Don't let him _____ (**stand**) at the door.

VII. PASSIVE VOICE (CÂU BỊ ĐỘNG)

Rewrite the following sentences using passive voice

1 You mustn't use that machine after 7:30 p.m.

→ That machine _____.

2 Nobody cleaned the house last week.

→ The house _____.

3 They are watering the plants.

→ The plants _____.

4 Will Jack bake a birthday cake for Mary?

→ Will _____.

5 They are eating the cake on the table at the moment.

→ The cake _____.

6 The storm didn't kill anyone yesterday.

→ No one _____.

7 Last night, Lisa took these photos in her garden.

→ These photos _____.

8 Students should do homework before going to class.

→ Homework _____.

9 Kate and John were vacuuming the rug in the living room at 9:00 p.m. yesterday.

→ The food _____.

10 Yesterday, a strange sound woke me up in the middle of the night.

→ I _____.



B. CÁC CẤU TRÚC KHÁC

I. INVERSION (ĐẢO NGỮ)

1. Trạng từ phủ định

CẤU TRÚC TỔNG QUÁT

Từ phủ định
(Never/Barely/Seldom/Rarely/ Little, ...)

- 1 I will never speak to him again.
→ Never _____.
- 2 She has rarely talked to him since she met him in the first time.
→ Rarely _____.
- 3 Jack knew little about Chinese.
→ Little _____.
- 4 The boy hardly ever gets up early.
→ Hardly _____.
- 5 They are seldom late for school.
→ Seldom _____.

2. Vừa mới ... thì ...

CẤU TRÚC TỔNG QUÁT

No sooner + _____ **than** _____

Hardly/Barely/Scarcely/Rarely + _____ **when/before** + _____

*Lưu ý

- Mệnh đề sau **No sooner / Hardly / Barely / Scarcely / Rarely** chia ở dạng **ĐẢO NGỮ QUÁ KHỨ HOÀN THÀNH** và hành động ở mệnh đề này là hành động **XẢY RA** _____ (hành động 1).
- Mệnh đề sau **than / when / before** chia ở dạng **QUÁ KHỨ ĐƠN** và hành động ở mệnh đề này là hành động **XẢY RA** _____ (hành động 2).





- 1 Ms. An bought an Iphone 14 last week. It was discounted 50% the next day.
→ Hardly _____ .
→ No sooner _____ .
- 2 After waiting for 2 hours, Ms. Truc left in the rainy night.
→ Hardly _____ .
→ No sooner _____ .
- 3 As soon as Lee Min Ho met Ms. Cherry, he fell in love with her.
→ Rarely _____ .
→ No sooner _____ .
- 4 I phoned him right after I went home.
→ No sooner _____ .
→ Scarcely _____ .
- 5 Jamie failed the final exam. He realized the importance of constant revision.
→ No sooner _____ .
→ Scarcely _____ .

II. PREFER/ WOULD RATHER ('d rather)

CẤU TRÚC TỔNG QUÁT

1 hành động – 1 chủ ngữ:

S + **prefer** + (not) _____

S + **prefer** + O + (not) _____

S + **would rather** + (not) _____

2 hành động – 1 chủ ngữ:

S + **prefer** + _____ + **TO** + _____

S + **would rather** + _____ **THAN** _____

2 chủ ngữ:

S₁ + **would rather** + S₂ _____.



- 1 I prefer starting early to leaving everything to the last minute.
→ I would _____ .
- 2 I would rather go to class to study English than sleep all day .
→ I prefer _____ .
- 3 Please go to class on time.
→ I'd rather you _____ .
- 4 She likes reading magazines whenever I have free time.
→ I prefer _____ .
→ I'd rather _____ .
- 5 I would prefer to travel in July rather than in November.
→ I would rather _____ .

III. CÂU CẢM THÁN

CẤU TRÚC TỔNG QUÁT

Dùng What:

What + **a/an** + **ADJ** + **N** (đếm được _____)!

What + **ADJ** + **N** (đếm được _____)!

What + **ADJ** + **N** (không _____)!

Dùng How:

How + **ADJ** + **S** + **BE**!

How + **ADV** + **S** + **V**!

Lưu ý: Trong cấu trúc dùng What, dùng a/an với danh từ **ĐẾM ĐƯỢC SỐ ÍT**, không dùng a/an với các danh từ **KHÔNG ĐẾM ĐƯỢC / SỐ NHIỀU**.

- 1 This girl is very intelligent.
→ What _____ .
→ How _____ .
- 2 They are interesting books.
→ What _____ .
→ How _____ .
- 3 He writes very carelessly.
→ How _____ .





- 4 He draws perfect pictures.
→ What _____.
- 5 It is a sour orange.
→ What _____.

IV. LƯỢNG TỪ

Lượng từ (Quantifiers) là các từ chỉ _____, chúng được đặt trước danh từ để bổ nghĩa cho danh từ.

CẤU TRÚC TỔNG QUÁT

+ N số ít	Each, every			
+ N số nhiều	Few/ a few	A large/great number of	Several	Many
+ N không đếm được	Little a little	A great deal of	A large amount of	much
Đi với các loại N	some any	A lot of Lots of	Most Most of	Plenty of

- 1 There is _____ water in the bottle.
A. little B. a few C. any D. many
- 2 She has _____ books, not enough for references.
A. few B. a few C. many D. little
- 3 He bought _____ furniture for his new apartment.
A. many B. much C. few D. a little
- 4 We must be quick. There is _____ time left.
A. much B. many C. a lot of D. little
- 5 There are four books on the table. _____ has a different colour.
A. Every B. Each C. Many D. Some
- 6 Can I have _____ sugar please.





- A.** any **B.** little **C.** much **D.** some
- 7** _____ people I know are worried about the environment.
- A.** Most **B.** The most **C.** Much **D.** The muc
- 8** The audience clapped their hands so _____ that the singer had to sing again.
- A.** many times **B.** much time **C.** very much **D.** much
- 9** Today, _____ people who enjoy winter sports is much greater than that of 20 years ago.
- A.** the number of **B.** a number of **C.** few **D.** much
- 10** He has spent _____ time and money on stamp collecting
- A.** a few of **B.** many of **C.** a great deal of **D.** a large number of
- 11** He's always busy. He has _____ time to relax.
- A.** much **B.** little **C.** a little **D.** plenty of
- 12** She put so _____ salt in the soup that she couldn't have it. It was too salty.
- A.** many **B.** little **C.** much **D.** a little
- 13** There's not _____ sugar in the cupboard.
- A.** much **B.** many **C.** some **D.** few
- 14** There weren't _____ people at the party when we got there.
- A.** much **B.** some **C.** little **D.** many
- 15** Scientists have _____ hope of finding a complete cure for cancer before 2010.
- A.** some **B.** many **C.** little **D.** any
- 16** There is _____ butter in the fridge.
- A.** many **B.** more **C.** some **D.** a few
- 17** This is a very difficult piece of music to play - it demands _____ concentration.
- A.** a lot of **B.** much **C.** a little **D.** little
- 18** _____ invitations have been sent.
- A.** great deal of **B.** The number of
C. A number of **D.** A mount of
- 19** "How many potatoes do you want?" "Oh, just _____, please."
- A.** many **B.** a few **C.** much **D.** any
- 20** _____ inhabitants have made suggestions on how to protect the environment.
- A.** A number of **B.** A great deal of
C. The number of **D.** A amount of





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